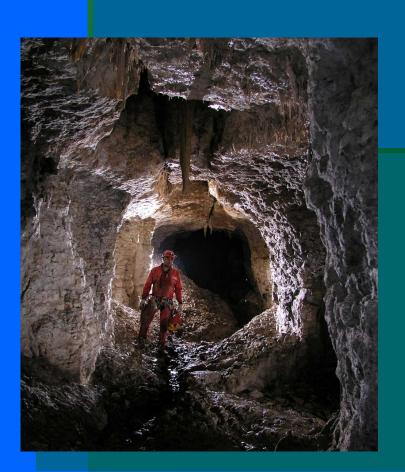
Peru 2018



Franco-Peruvian Caving Expedition in the north of Peru (Amazonas and San Martín regions)

Organization:

ECA Espeleo Club Andino de Lima (Peru), GSBM Groupe Spéléologique de Bagnols-Marcoule, Groupe spéléologique Vulcain and Groupe spéléologique Les Dolomites (France).

From 11 august to 13 september 2018

2 – The Target





Our target is to explore and survey natural caves of karstic massifs in the north of Peru, mainly in the Amazonas and San Martín Regions.



Jean Loup Guyot



Jean-Sébastien Moquet



Liz Hidalgo



Xavier Robert

4 - The Team



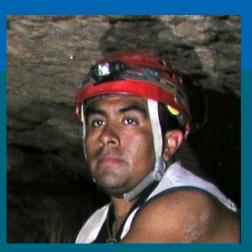
Constance Picque



Jhensen Quispe



Carlos Amasifuen



Hugo Salgado



Araceli Torrejon



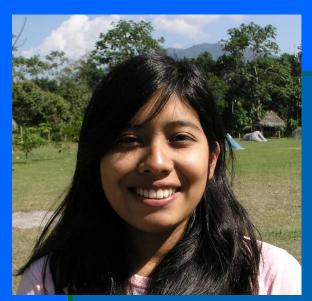
Patricio Reátegui



Patrice Baby



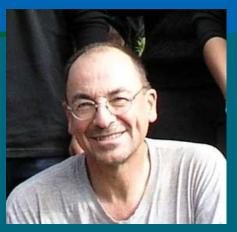
Carola Mick



Ana Rodriguez



Marc Pouilly



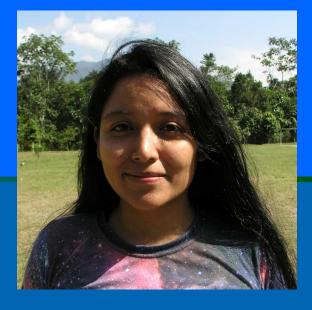
Jean-Yves Bigot



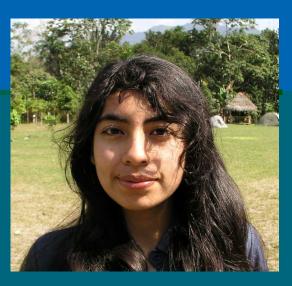
James Apaéstegui



Angela Ampuero



Carol Romero



Sue Barreda



Manuel Quispe

8 - Chachapoyas





Everybody knows the meeting place: Chachapoyas (Amazonas, Peru).

9 - Chachapoyas University

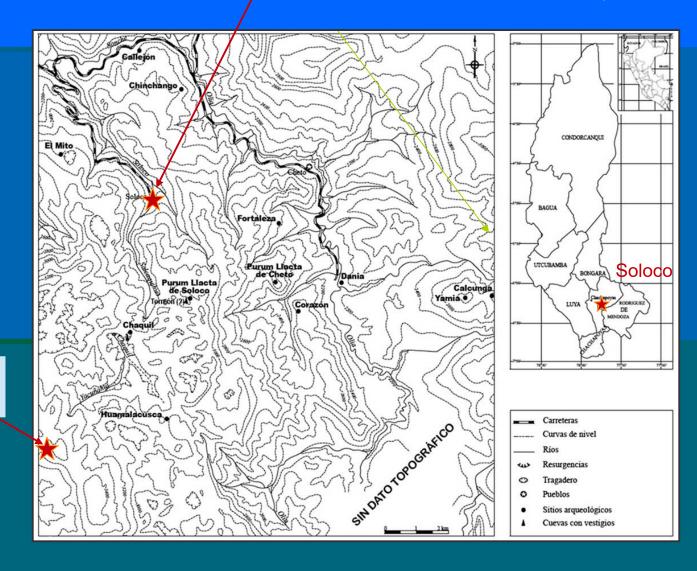


The cars are full and we have to leave a part of our equipment in the Chachapoyas University, and also in Carlos Amasifuen home.

10 – From Soloco to Ancayrrumo

Soloco

We have to go from Chachapoyas to Soloco by car and after we have to walk until Ancayrrumo.



Ancayrrum o \



The meeting place in Soloco is Manuel Rojas home.



We need eight mules in order to carry our equipment until Ancayrrumo Camp.

12 - Higher than Chaquil

Ancayrrumo



The Ancayrrumo Camp is located on the over side of Chaquil Lakes, We have to walk a longtime for arrive to 3080 m high.

13 - Exploration

First of all, we have to explore the surroundings and to have a look in the caves noticed on the satellite pictures.



During this day of exploration, we understand that we'll cannot carry out the target, because the target is out of range and too far for us.

14 - Los Palacios



The depression of los Palacios (written down X7) is impressive, but without continuation.



We follow the sandstone-limestone limit because we hope to find sinkholes and caves.

In our heads, we imagine that the caves are opened and we could explore easily the head of the networks...

But it was a dream...





No chance, with a bad weather all the day...

The Ancayrrumo Camp (shack covered by corrugated iron) is very confortable for cooking and to store the equipment.

17 - Too much water in the rivers

We won't to stay at home all day long and we organized a « sample day » in the rivers around the camp.

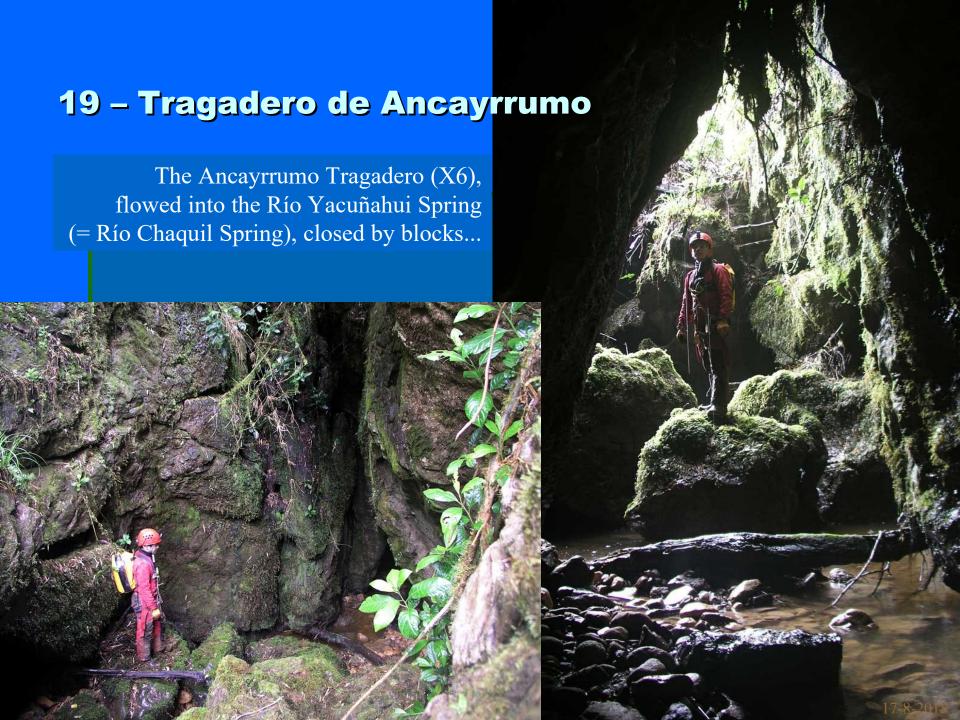


Liz Hidalgo and Jean-Sébastien Moquet are the leaders of this action.

The assessment is not good: only three little caves explored.

18 – Paltry Returns...



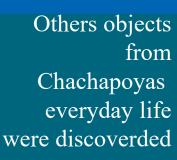




Some archeological vestige has been found in the little shelter, like batán's storehouse (sort of millstone) made of sandstone (tool traces). These tools

have never been used.

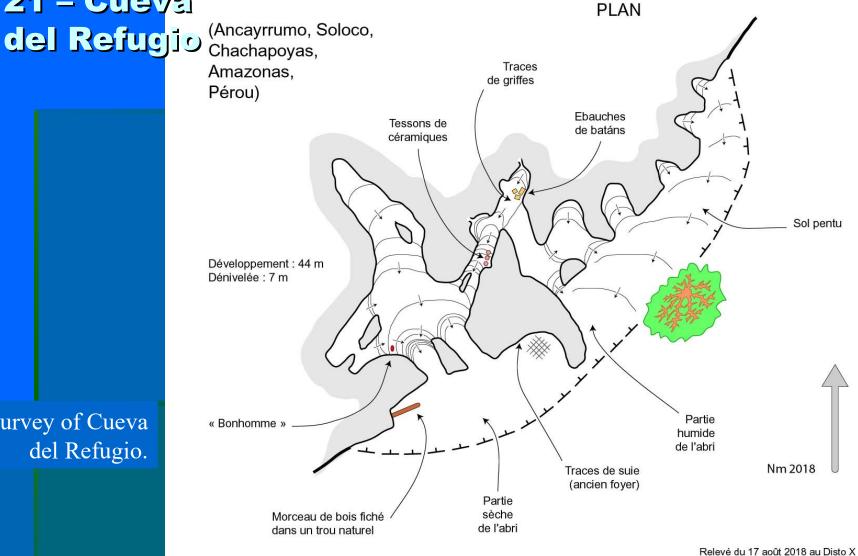




like a toy: terracotta man.

21 - Cueva

CUEVA DEL REFUGIO



5 m

Jhensen Quispe, Carlos Amasifuen,

Report: J.-Y. Bigot

Jean Loup Guyot et Jean-Yves BIGOT.

Survey of Cueva del Refugio.

22 – Ancayrrumo

Our camp of Ancayrrumo is based near contruction huts built for water supply. These project of water supply has been abandoned and for us, these corrugated huts are a boon.

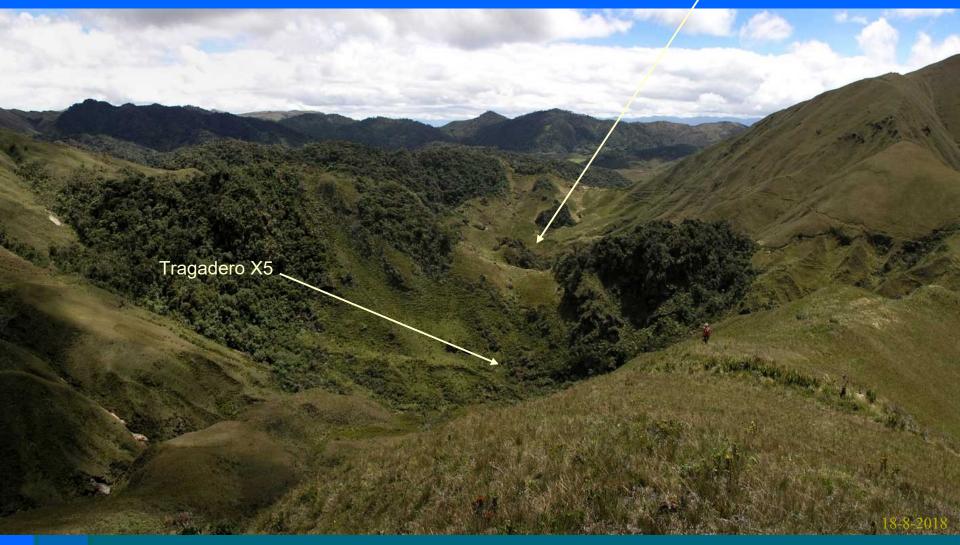


23 - Reconnaissance of X5 Tragadero



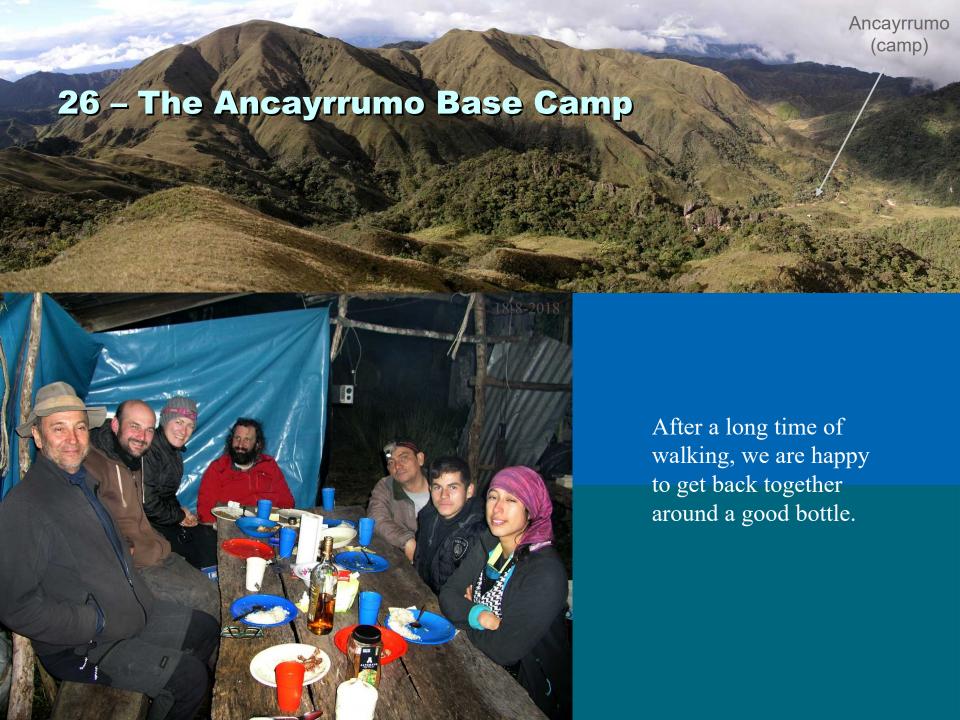
Jean-Sébastien Moquet, Constance Picque, Jean Loup Guyot and Jean-Yves Bigot decide to go and see the X5 Tragadero within walking distance. The others stay near the camp for continue to explore holes and tragaderos.

24 – The Tragaderos X5 & X15

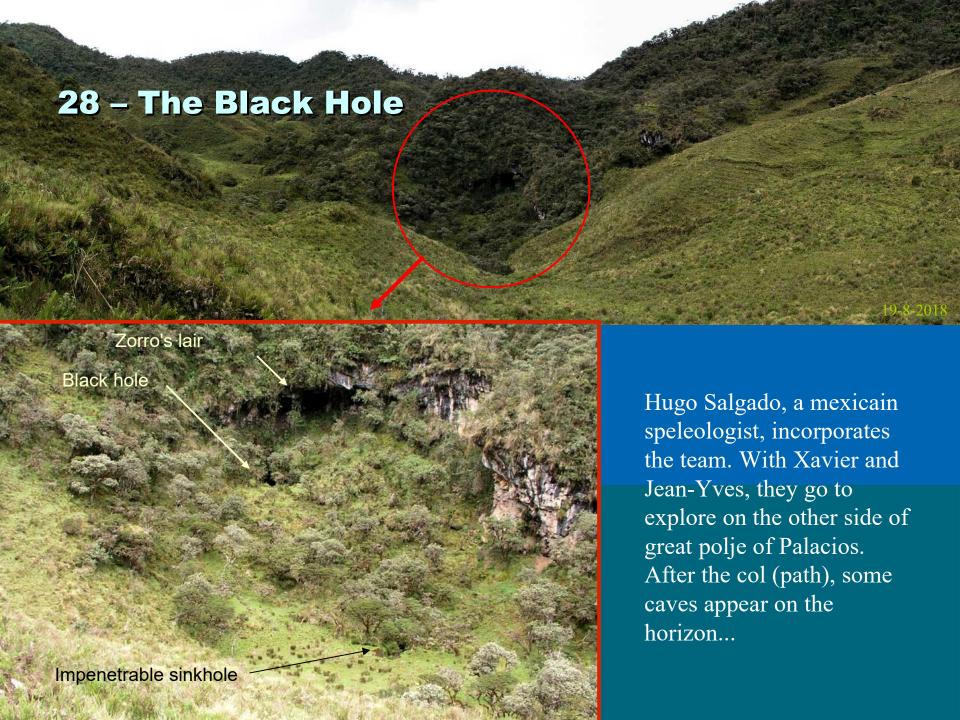


The river disappears in an enormous depression (X5), behind it we can see the Tragadero X15.











30 - Axe Hole

At the bottom of Axe Hole, we found a curious thing. There is a carved stone like a axe.

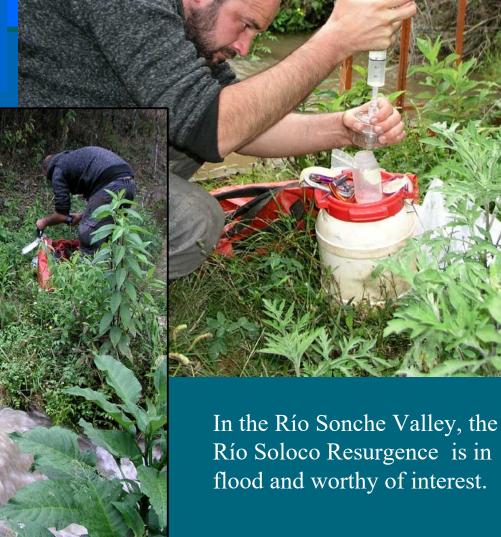


Of course, this zone is very interesting, but we have to go tomorrow.

After a long week in the base camp in the difficult conditions, we hope to take a hide...

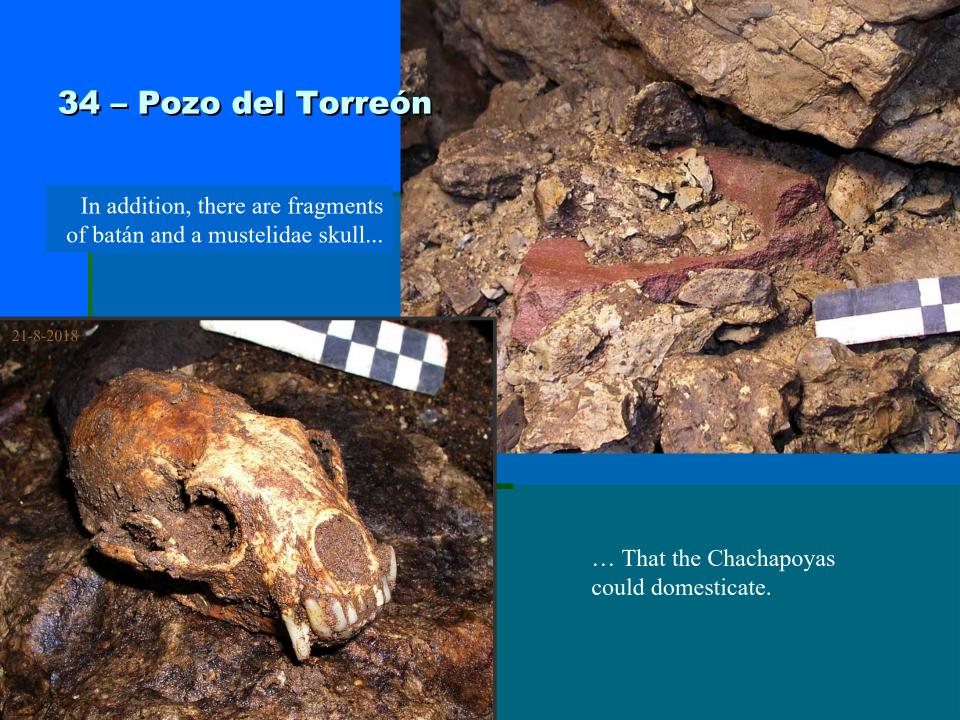
31 - Samples

We go down to Soloco and Jean-Sébastien Moquet samples in the rivers.









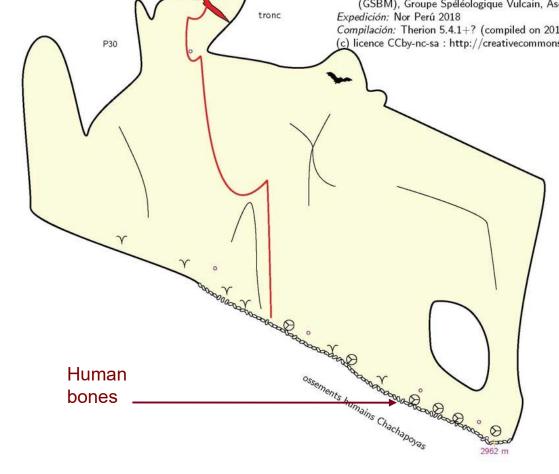
Pozo del Torreon

Alzado, Soloco, Chachapoyas, Amazonas, Perú



Desarrollo: 62 m
Desnivel: 46 m
Exploración: Jean-Yves Bigot, Xavier Robert, Hugo Salgado 2018
Topografiado por: Jean-Yves Bigot, Xavier Robert, Hugo Salgado 2018
Guia(s): Manuel ???, ??? ???
Dibujo: Xavier Robert 2018
Club(es): Espeleo Club Andino (ECA), Groupe Spéléologique de Bagnols Marcoule
(GSBM), Groupe Spéléologique Vulcain, Asocición de Montañismo UNAM
Expedición: Nor Perú 2018
Compilación: Therion 5.4.1+? (compiled on 2018-12-07) el 10.12.2018
(c) licence CCby-nc-sa: http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/2018

Cross-section of Pozo del Torreón.



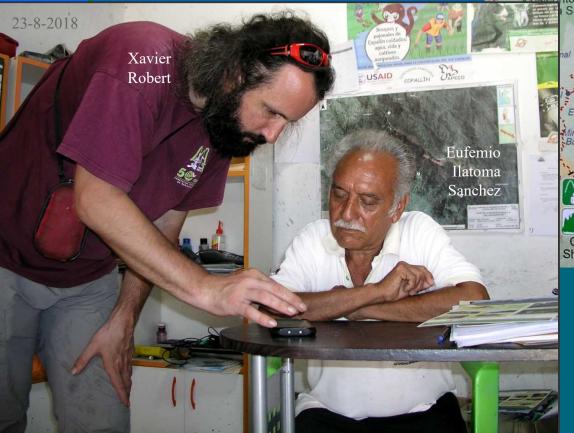
36 - Bagua Grande



After this failure in Soloco (Ancayrrumo), we decide to try another reconnaissance in Bagua Grande...

37 - Bagua Grande

A new recently map of the Amazonas Region reveals us many caves indicaded as tourist attractions.





Grande, we meet the authorities.

Grande

Sitio arqueológico

PDiamante Alto

de Gamitana



39 - Bats

Many of species of bats find shelter in this cave. Some one eat fruits and another one blood. The vampire bats produce liquid guano of blood color.







The Palma Cave used by Prehispanic populations; A huge rock stairs (on the right) has been built.

41 - Cuevas de Montalvo

In afternoon, we find a nice guide, Edil Montalvo; we can see three little caves located in his property.





43 – Terrace Constructions

The ground of caves isn't natural?

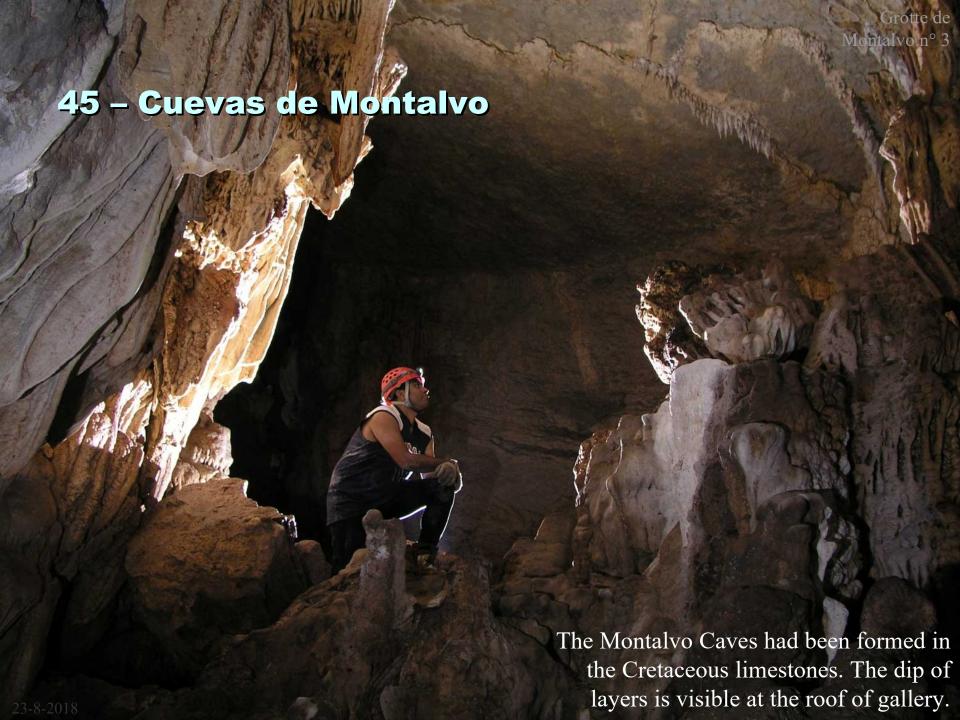
Too flat, too easy to walk!

There are terrace constructions built of big blocks holding the soil.



In the Cueva de Montalvo n° 2, there is a terrace made of two big blocks. Of course, there is not a natural fact.





Xavier Robert suggests changing of massif and we recognize the other side in the south of Bagua Grande.

46 - La Union Alta

Cueva de la Union Alta



Crossing a few villages of Miraflores and Perlamayo, a couple of farmers (Ismael Diaz and Naysi Chamaya) indicates us a little cave in a bush: la Cueva de la Union Alta.



The interest of the Union Alta Cave is archeological, but there is no continuation.

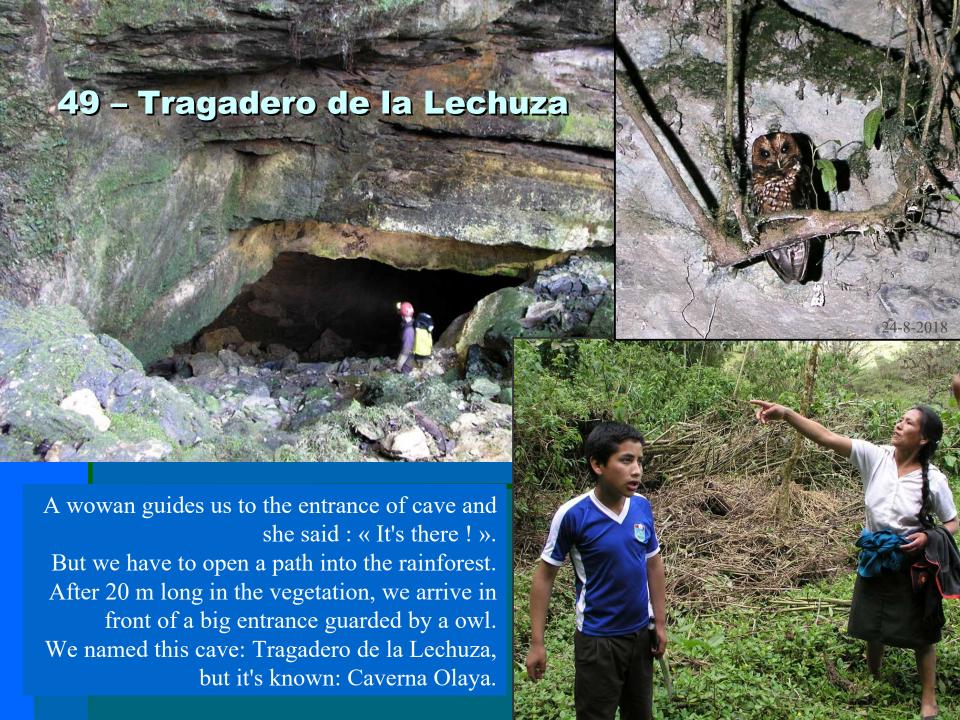


But we have sure that it exists in this karstic landscape (dolines, depressions, etc.) many caves...





Come back to Perlamayo, where somebody speaks about of cave and white fishes... But we have to pay him 20 soles!



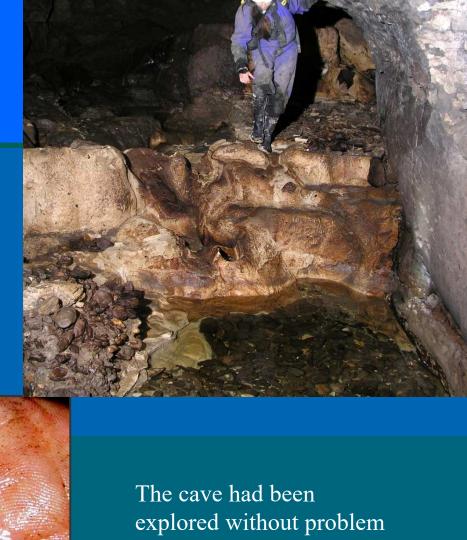


There is a little stream, populated by white fishes.



51 - Caverna Olaya

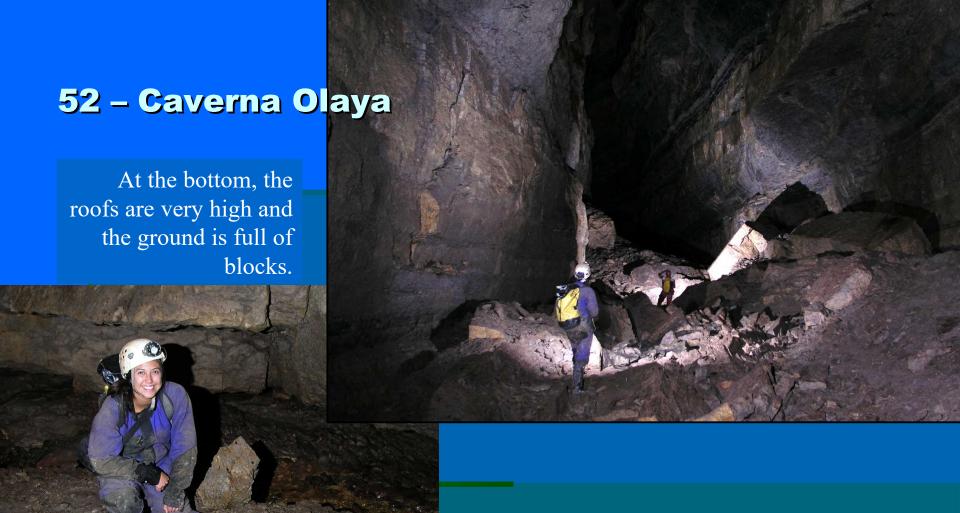
The blind fishes show the adaptation of these species in the underground environment. The karst of South Bagua seemed especially interesting for its biological potential.





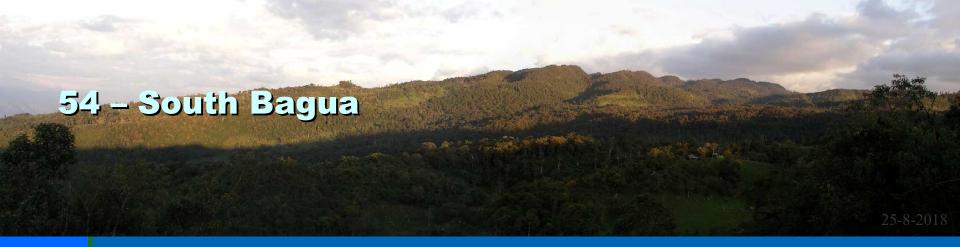
to 915 m long and 115 m deep.

And it's not finished.



Araceli Torrejon poses in front of the guano bats.
These bats eating fruits, and the seeds are germinating.





The karstic massif located in the south of Bagua Grande is very singular. The layers of cretaceous limestones are tilted. The upper parts of this monocline reach 2000 m high (towers karst) and are covered of the rainforest cutting by the colonists.



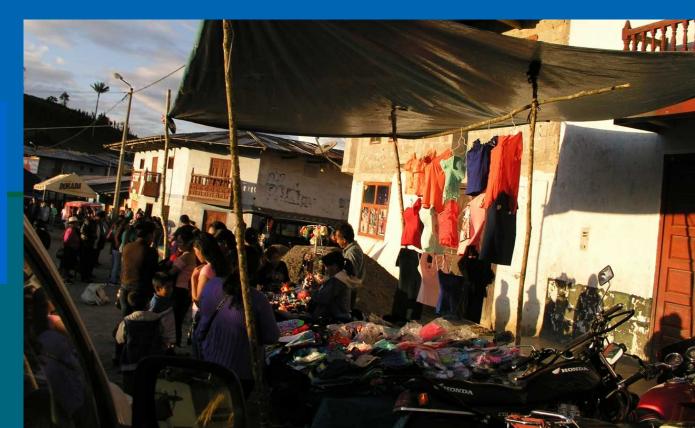
The structure of limestones allows the development of many caves in the dip. Today, we know none resurgence in this region...

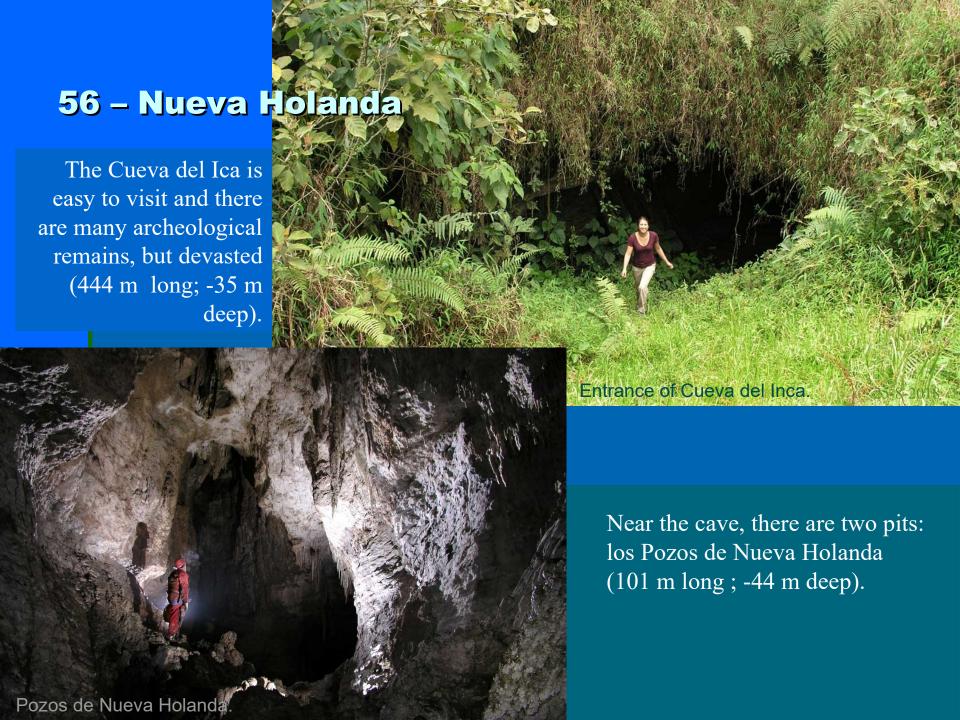


In Campo Alegre, it's the feast of patron saint and all of farmers are there...

There is no body in the mountain!

But we find a few caves without guides in Nueva Holanda, near Rosa Pampa.

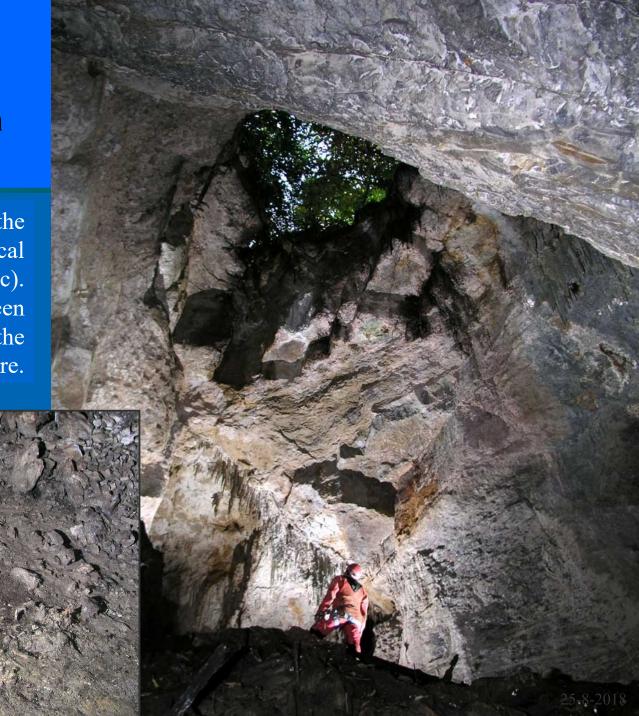




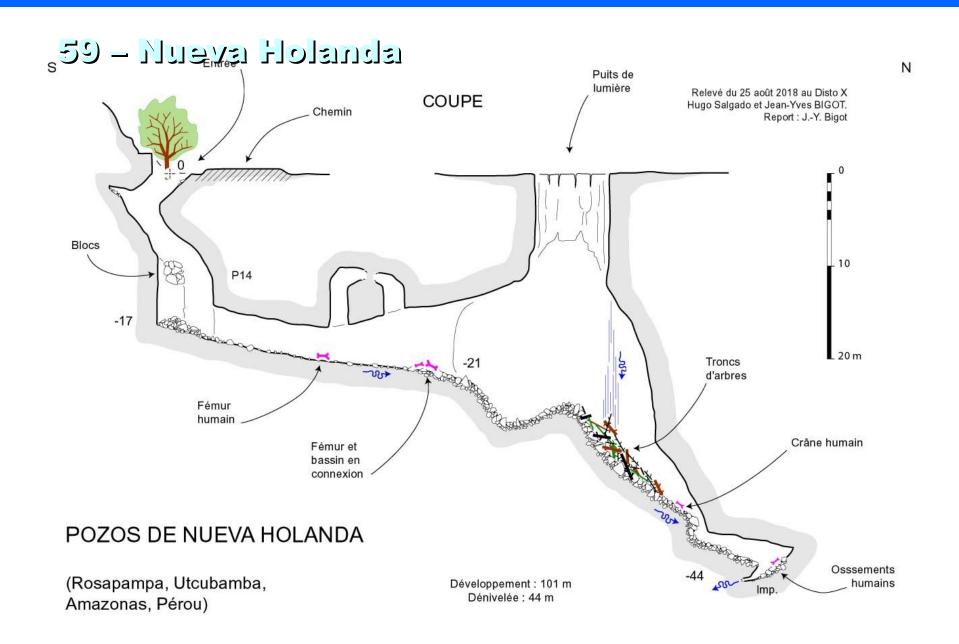
57 – Pozos de Nueva Holanda

There are many bones on the ground, may be in anatomical connexion (thigh bone-iliac).

Probably, men hade been sacrificed like the Chachapoya Culture.



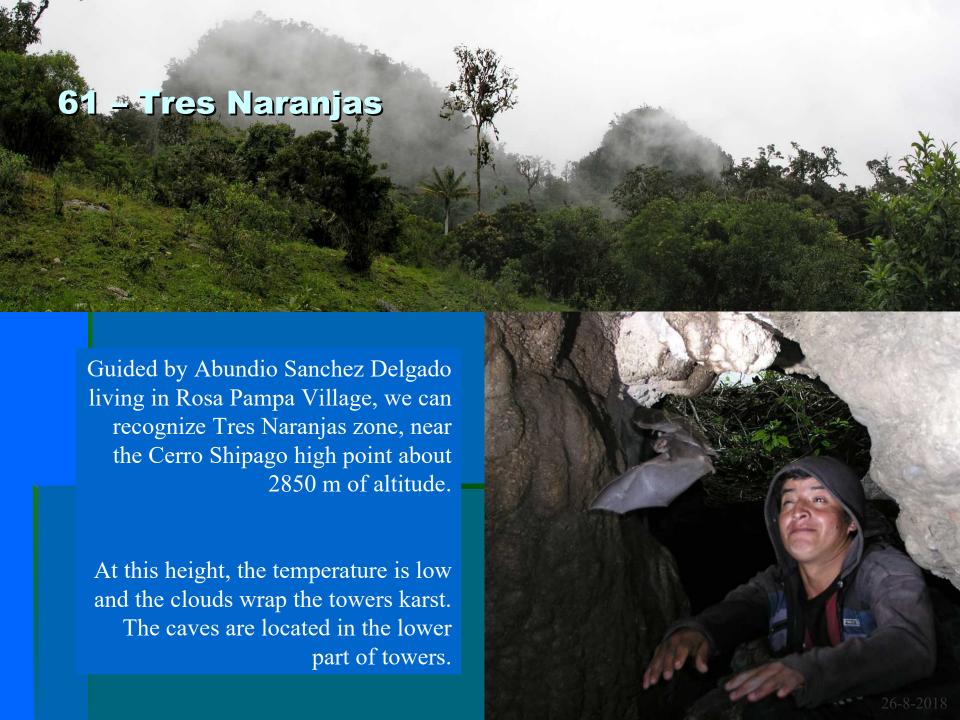




The suffocating heat in Bagua Grande is tolerable with the comfort of the *Rio Hotel*.

60 - Have a breather

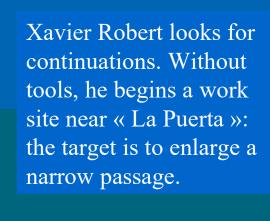


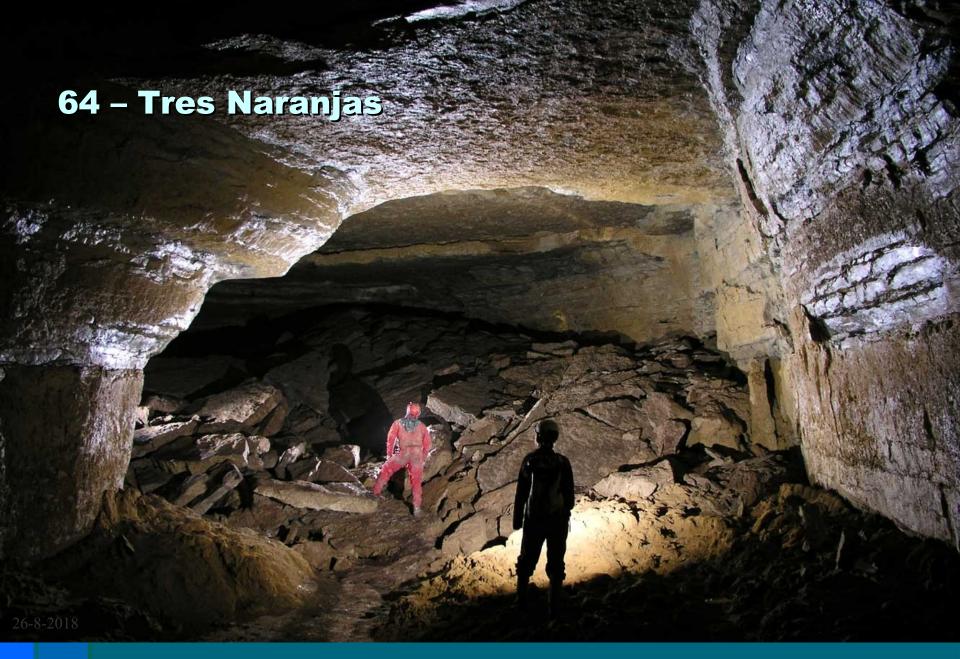




63 - Tres Naranjas

The entrance of cave n° 3 is wide and big blocks seemed huge stairs.





This cave is 389 m long and the benefit of « The Gate » digging is 15 m long...











Pedestrian street in Chachapoyas City (Amazonas) viewed from the Puma Urco Hotel.



The talks take
place during
three days in the
National
Toribio
Rodriguez of
Mendoza
University
(UNTRM).

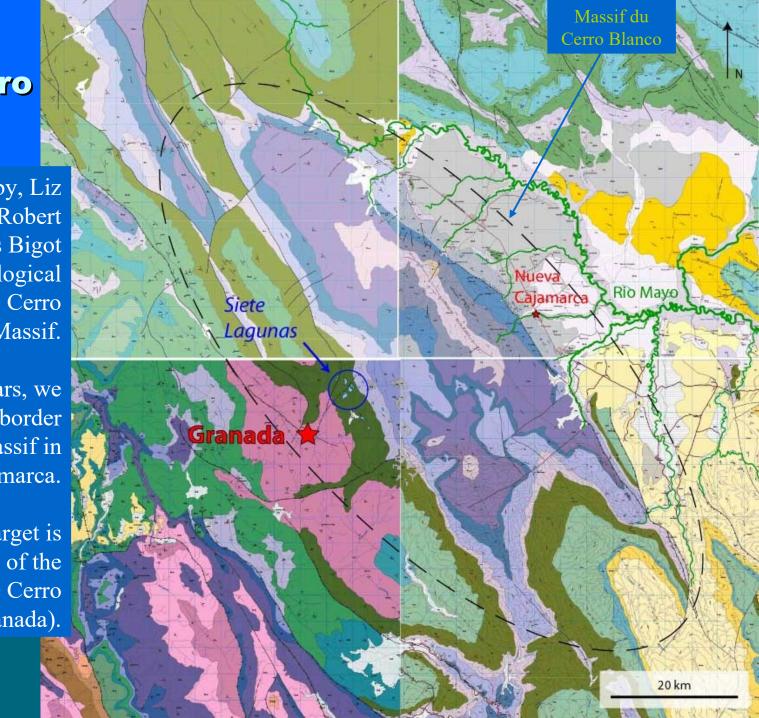


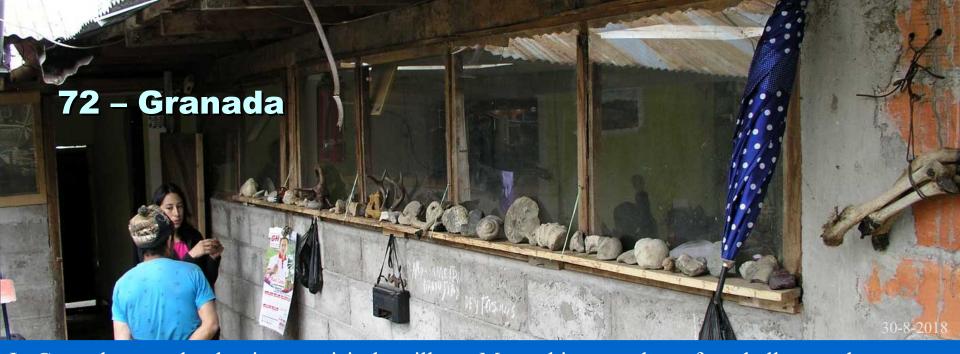
71 – Cerro Blanco

Patrice Baby, Liz Hidalgo, Xavier Robert and Jean-Yves Bigot attempt the geological transect in the Cerro Blanco Massif.

For many years, we explore the eastern border of Alto Mayo Massif in Nueva Cajamarca.

But today, the target is the reconnaissance of the western slope in the Cerro Blanco Massif (Granada).





In Granada, we take the time to visit the village. Many things are been found all around; the interest is archeological and geological.





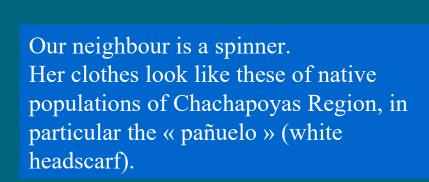


In this place, all of things remind the presence of Chachapoyas people. Everywhere, there are many archeological remains.



75 – Granada

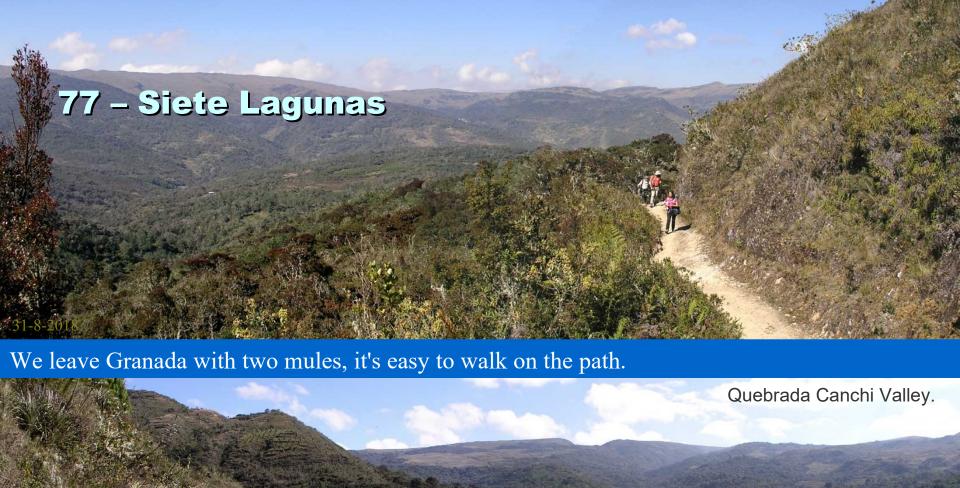
The colonists houses of
Granada have style.
These are very ecological and covered by straw.





In Granada (3000 m high), the nights are rather cold. The room of Dario is perfect to sleep and store different stuffs.

Tomorrow, we will go to the « Siete Lagunas », for a geological and speleological reconnaissance.











During the ascension to the lakes, we are very surprised to find frontal moraines...





Indeed, if you tell « moraine » you say « glacier ». But, there is no glaciers, no mountains or accumulation zones of snow...

What's the matter?

We can see only lakes and rock stumps in the landscape. The mountains, supporting the glaciers, aren't here, completly eroded by the rainforests coming from the Amazonian Basin.





Dario suggests us going up to the Canchilmal Plateau, There are the « Atun Huhco » and the « Hueco de Llave ».

84 - Canchilmal



The name of « Atun Huhco » coming from the quechua language « jatun » or « hatun », means great and « huhco » hole. The cave is explored et surveyed by us, but without continuations.



From left to right: Patrice Baby, Liz Hidalgo, Xavier Robert and Jean-Yves Bigot, Canchilmal Plateau, 3750 m high.



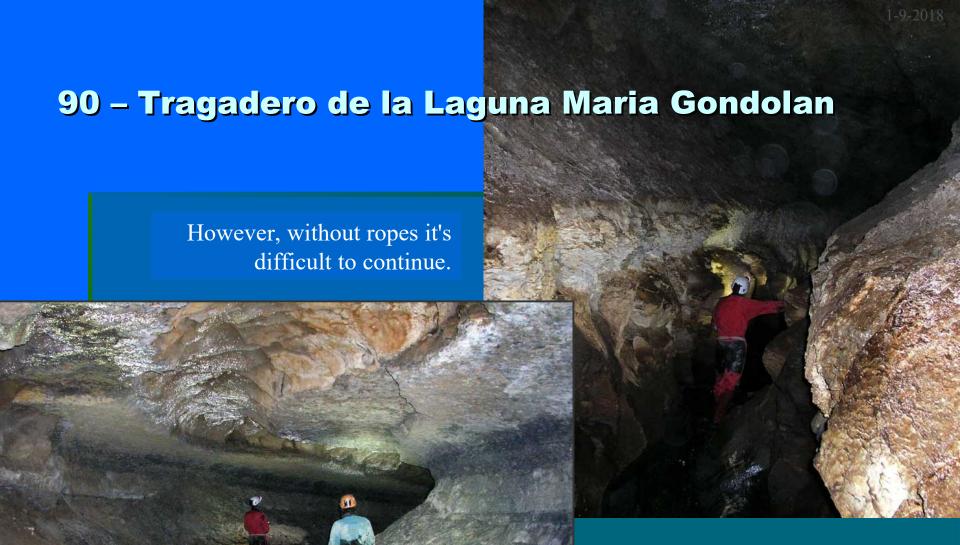
In early evening, we come back to the camp near the lakes.



At the camp, we are very cold...





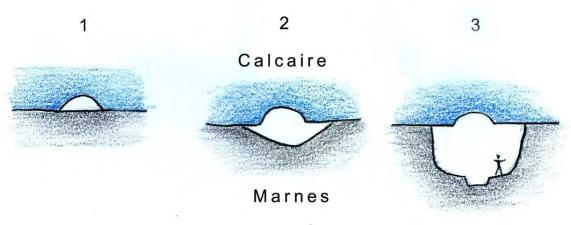


We have to come back with appropriate equipment.

91 - Contact Cave

The speleogenesis of this cave is easy to understand.
The Tragadero de la Laguna Maria Gondolan is a lithological contact cave between limestone and marl.





The original conduit is at the roof where we can see corrosion morphologies. In the second time, the river have eroded the marls.

92 - Chachapoyas

With the erosion of filling, a grave appears... That is a very young child or newborn baby.



1-9-2018

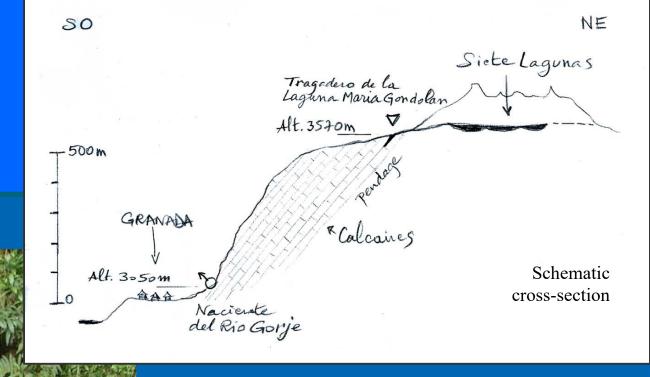
It's sure, Chacahapoyas populations live in this place located at more 3500 m high a long time ago...

93 - Naciente del Río Jorge



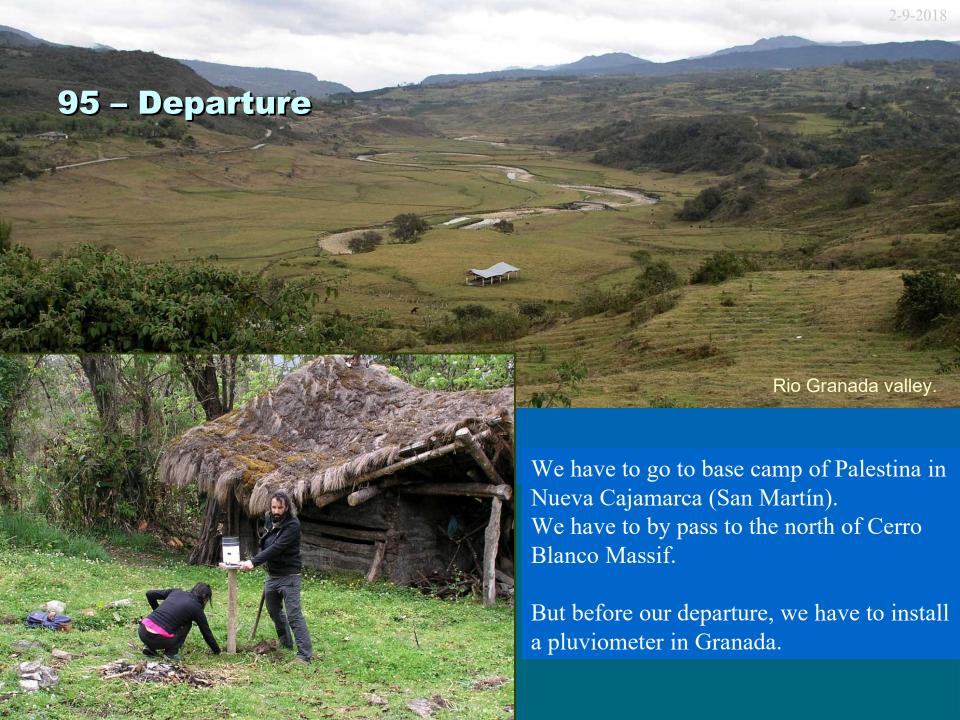
Dario knows a resurgence, the Naciente del Río Jorge, near Granada. According to him, this spring is the lost river of Tragadero de la Laguna Maria Gondolan.

94 – Naciente del Río Jorge



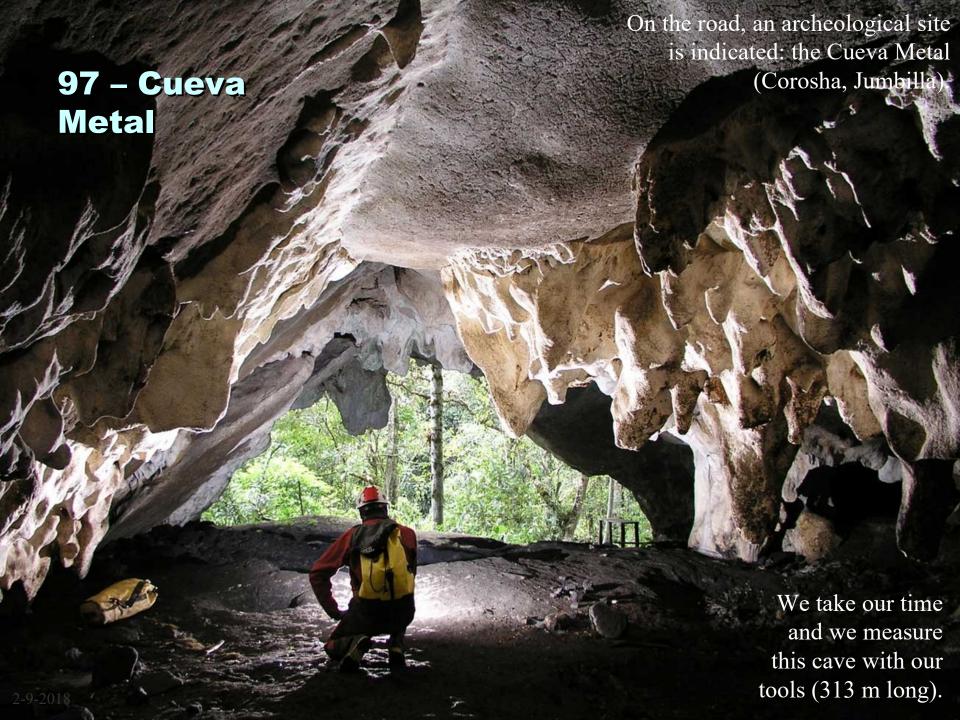
The difference in level between the Tragadero de la Laguna Maria Gondolan and this resurgence is about 500 m deep.

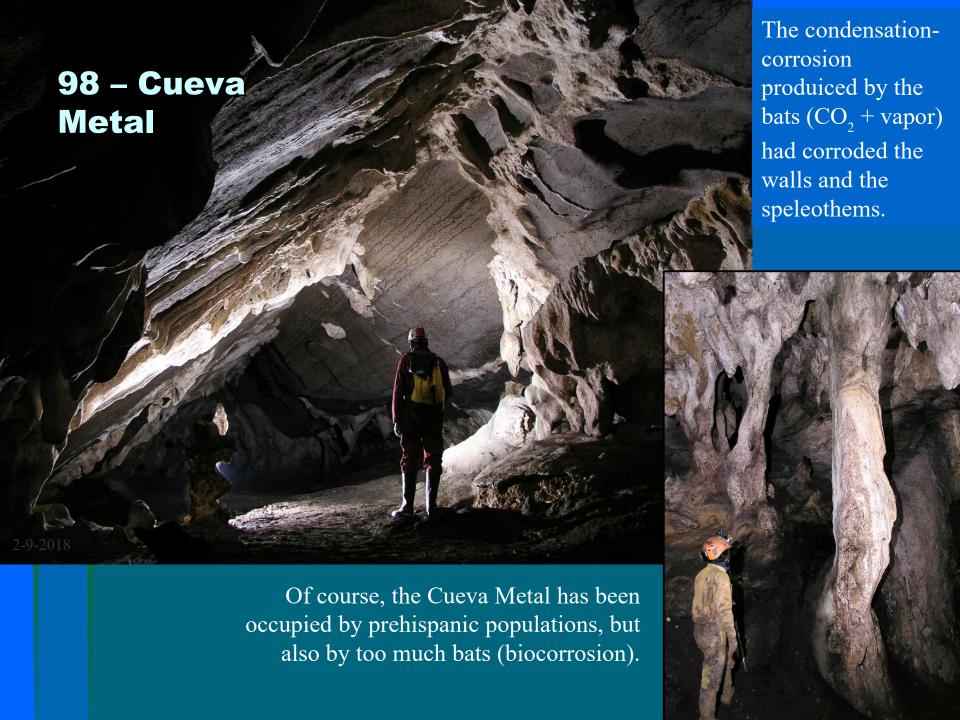
1-9-2018





After the Soloco (Ancayrrumo) and Bagua Grande Massifs, we have to leave Granada and the Amazonas Region, because we have to go to Palestina Camp (San Martín Region). Over there, we will able to explore the Tragadero de Bellavista...

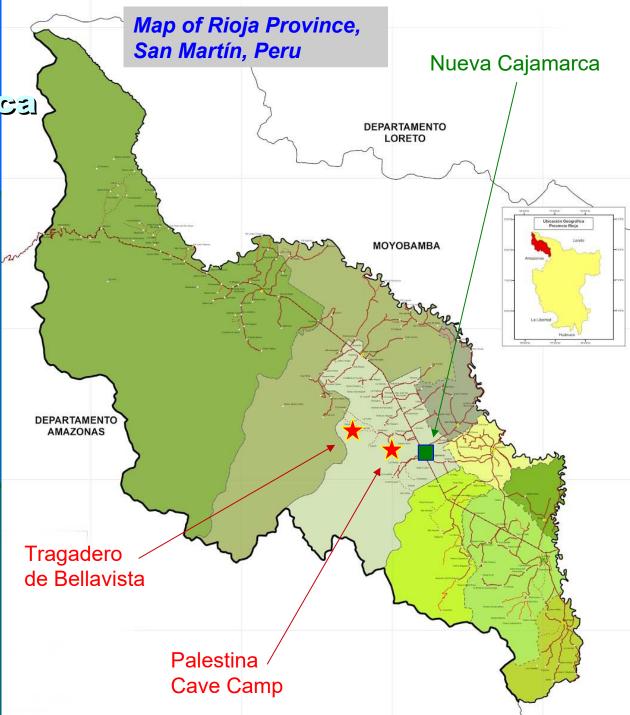




99 – Palestina, Nueva Cajamarca (San Martín)

We have an appointment in the Palestina Cave Camp, near Nueva Cajamarca.

The main goal is the Tragadero de Bellavista, a cave explored untill -429 m deep in 2017.





The path is arriving to the Bellavista Village, people will be able to go out and reach the town. The normalization of relationships between people and us is a priority after the problems in 2017.

101 – Tragadero de Bellavista



James Apaéstegui, Patrice Baby, Jean Loup Guyot, Xavier Robert and Jean-Yves Bigot install the equipment into the Tragadero de Bellavista.

In 2017, the young people of Bellavista have removed our ropes and many stuffs untill -200 m deep.

Technically, it's difficult to imagine but it's true...

102 – Tragadero de Bellavista

The blind fishes live in the subterranean river of the Tragadero de Bellavista.

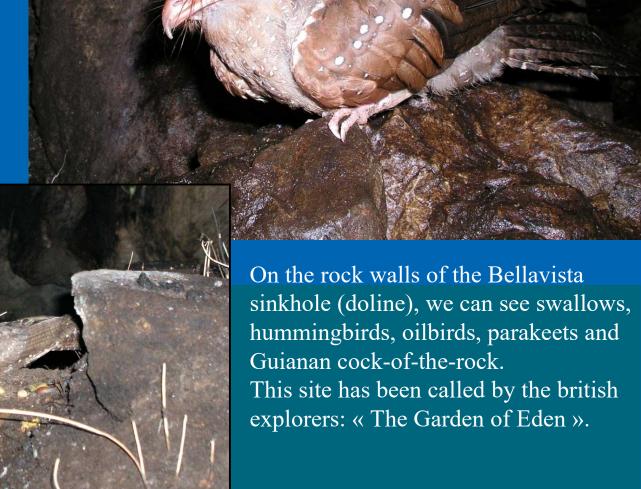


These fishes can go out of the water and crawl on the sand. In this way, they can change of ponds.

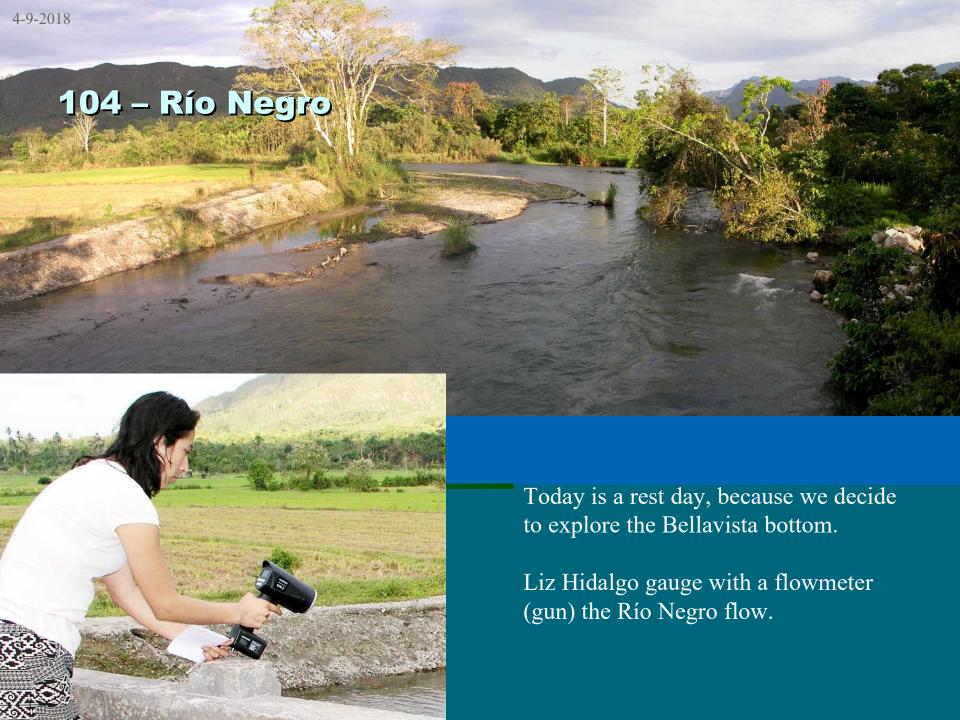
103 – Tragadero de Bellavista

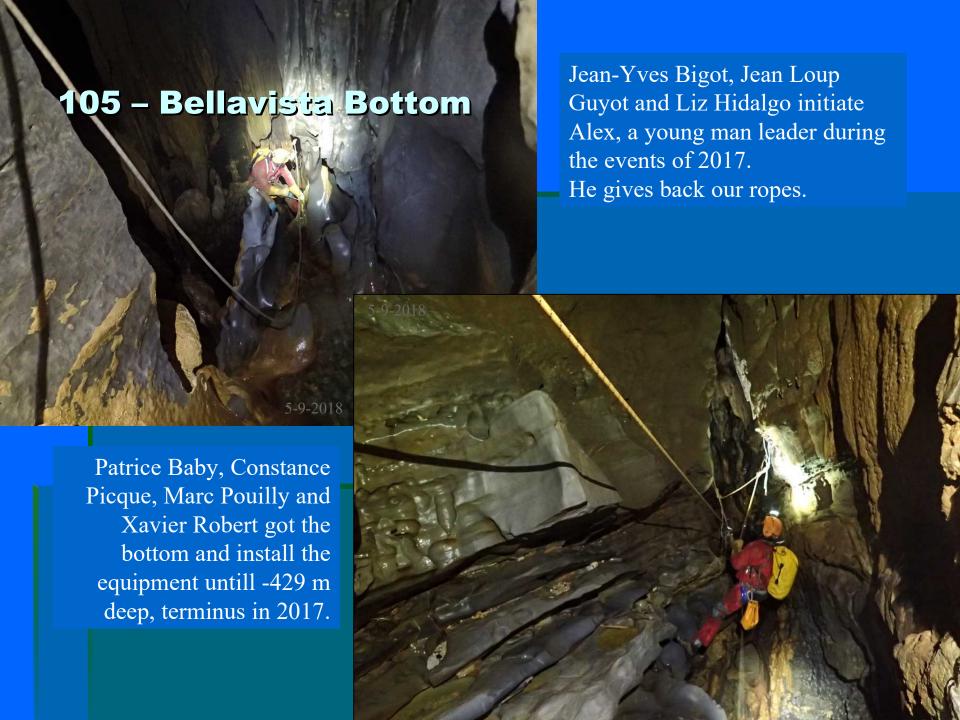
3-9-2018

The calls of oilbirds resonate in the big pit.



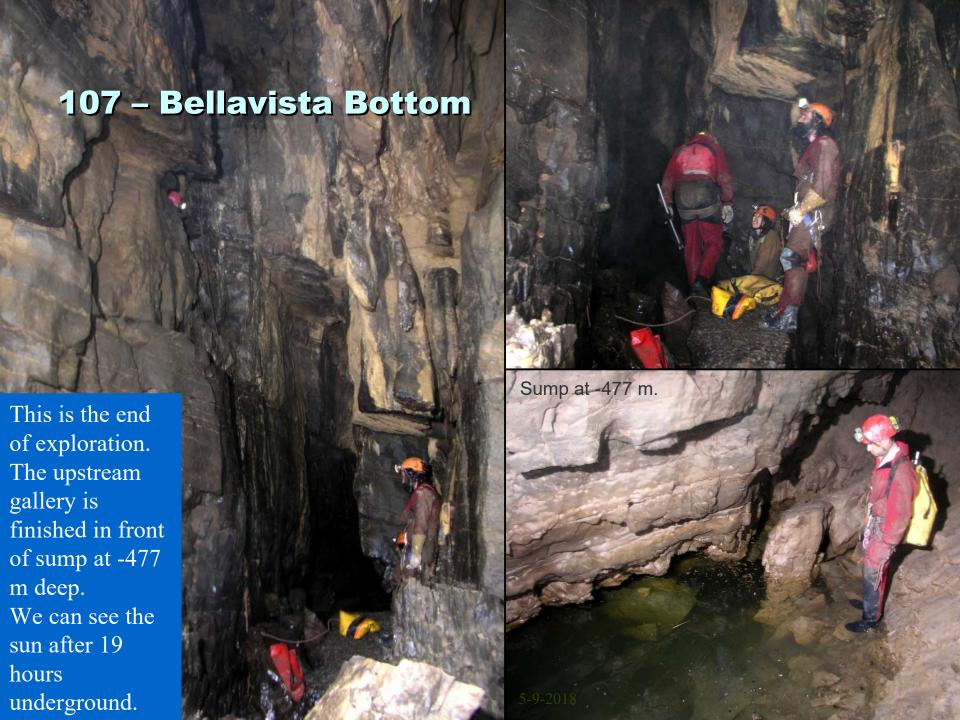
Oilbird (Steatornis caripensis)







Everybody is at the terminus 2017 (-429 m). But there are many problems and we stop at -472 m deep... However, we can swing back and forth in a pit and discover a window. After that, we explore the upstream fossil gallery.



108 - Bellavista Bottom



Cross-section at – 477 m deep of the Tragadero de Bellavista.



110 - Electric Fishing

Marc Pouilly and Ana Rodriguez are « fishers sellers » and use an electric fishing equipment for catching samples fishes.



Take care, you have to use the boots and regulate the voltage of electric arc...

111 – Ojo de Aguas Claras

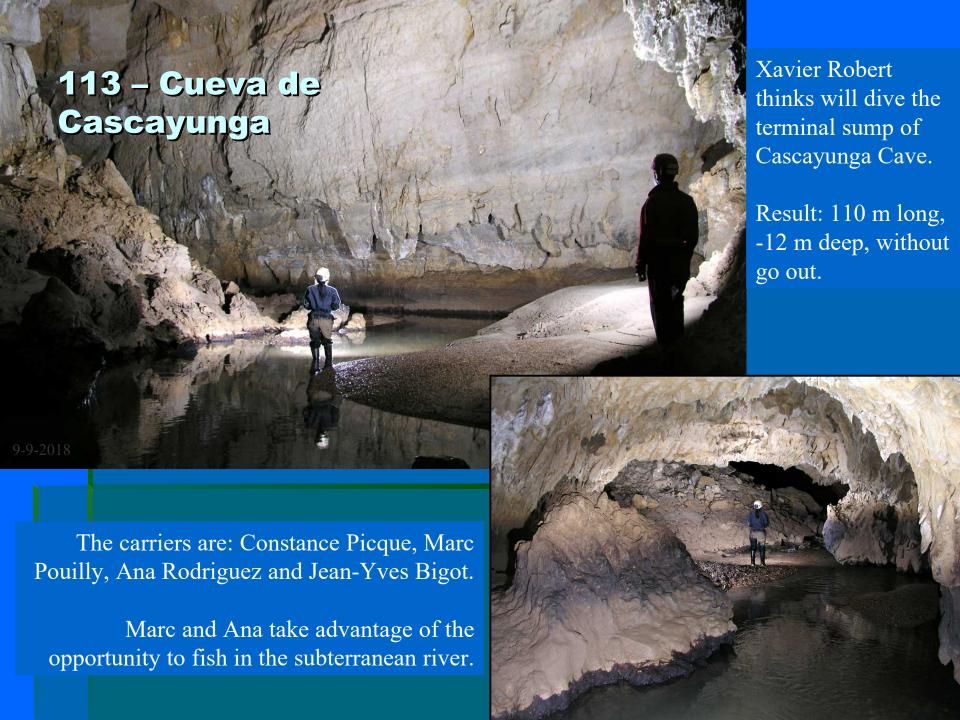
The fishing is very good in Aguas Claras: big catfishes (silures) had been captured.





Generally, these fishes had attempted the subterranean aventure.

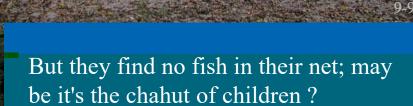




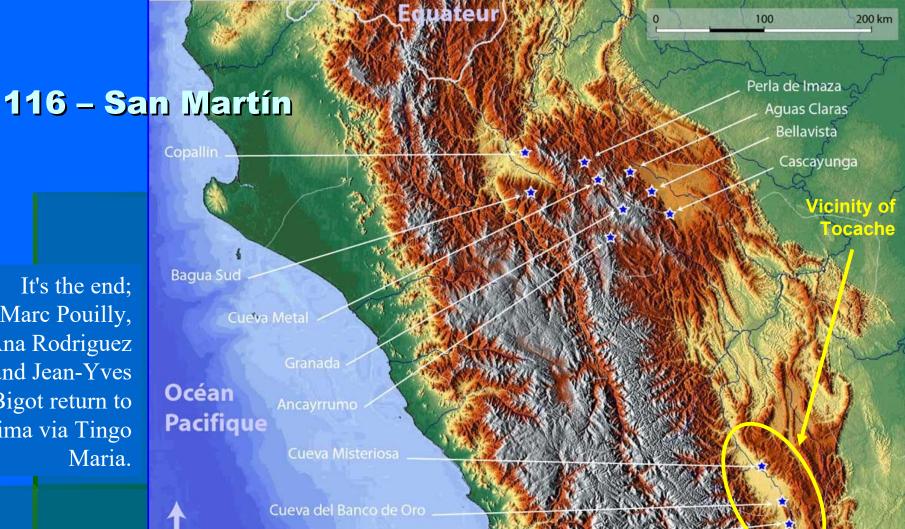


115 - Cascayunga

One more, Marc and Ana try to capture fishes with their electric fishing equipment in the streams and rivers...



Cascayunga is a quiet village where the girls play volleyball and boys play soccer (football).



Cueva de la Fertilidad

It's the end; Marc Pouilly, Ana Rodriguez and Jean-Yves Bigot return to Lima via Tingo Maria.

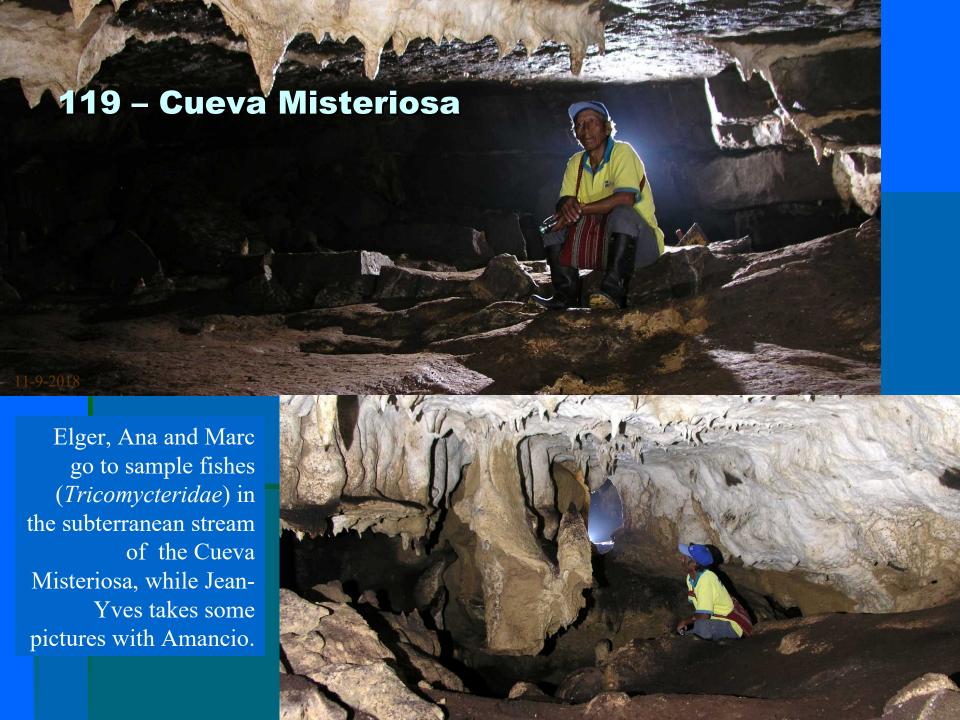
> On the road, we have to stop in Tocache (south of San Martín Region), the goal is capture some fishes.

117 - Río Huallaga Valley in Tocache



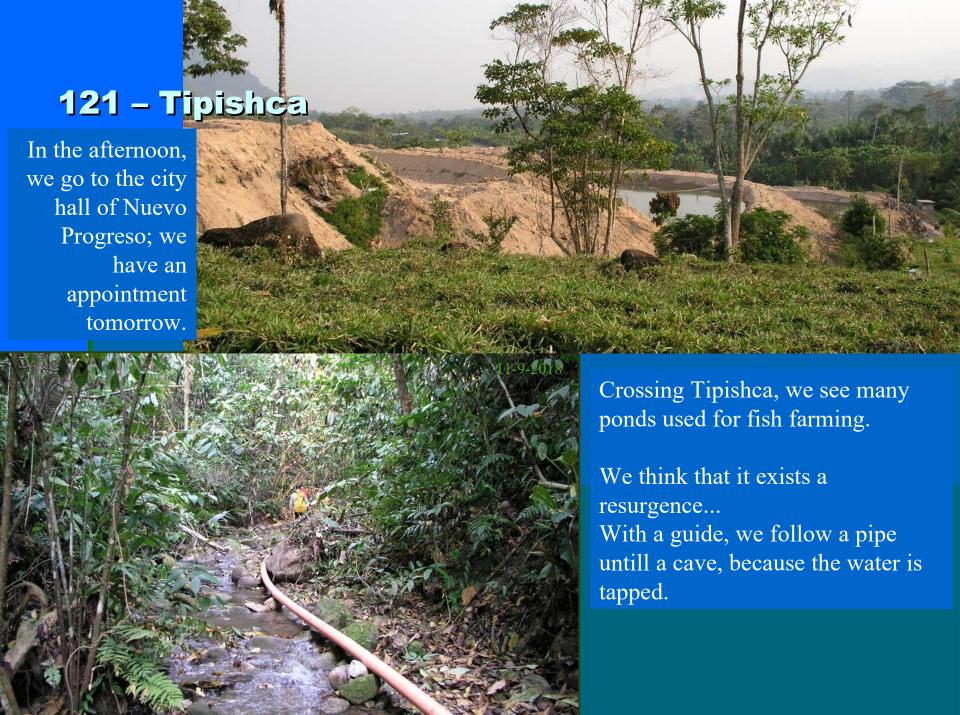
The view on the Río Huallaga Valley is entirely foggy by the smokes and aerosols due to wildfire. The climate change and the exceptional drought in Amazonian Basin, that favors deforestation...







Amancio suggests us to eat his products (bananas, etc.).





123 – Cueva del Banco de Oro



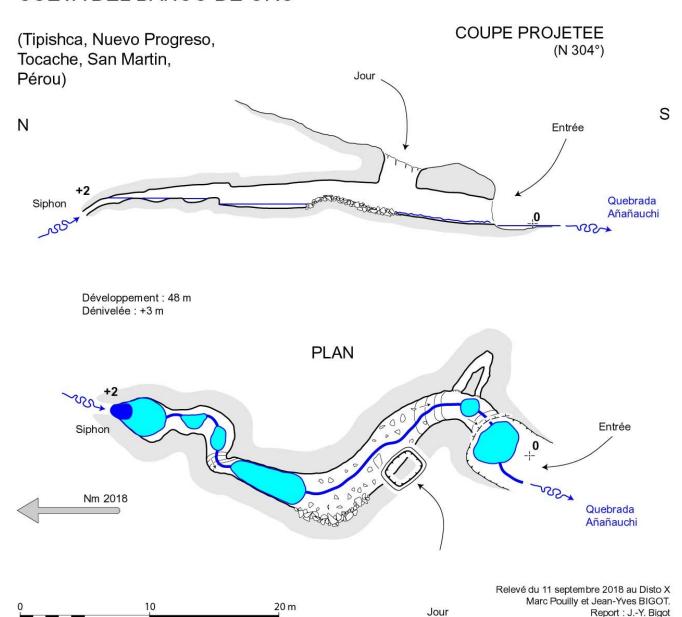


The catch is no good and the Cueva del Banco de Oro (Tipishca) stops on the sump after 48 m walking.

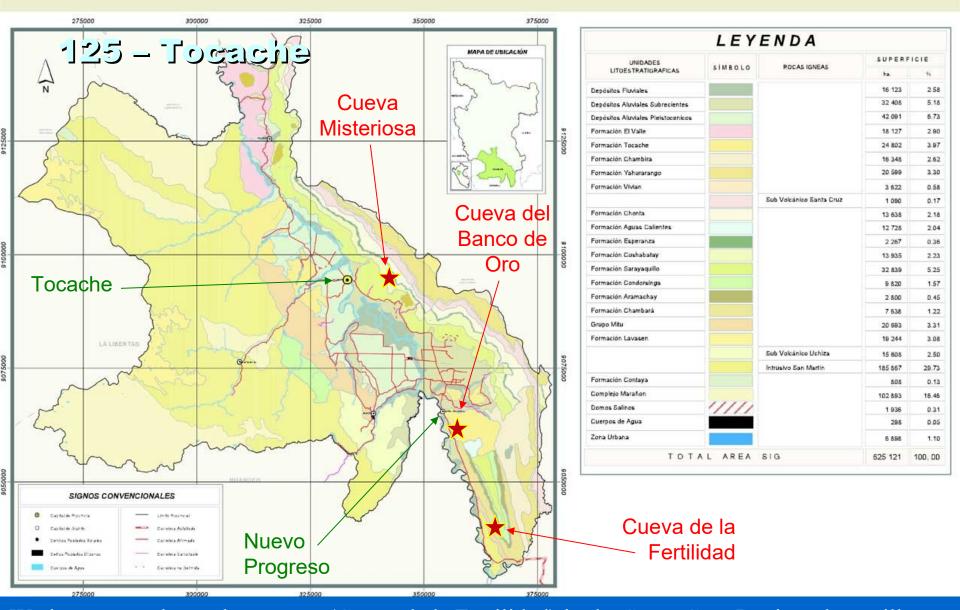
124 – Cueva del Banco de Oro

Survey of
Cueva del
Banco de Oro
in Tipishca.

CUEVA DEL BANCO DE ORO



MAPA 02 : GEOLOGÍA



We have to explore others caves (Cueva de la Fertilidad) in the Santa Cruz Region, they will guide by an official delegation of Nuevo Progreso city hall.





Our guide is hesitant, because is lost. He doesn't remember the way to the Cueva de la Fertilidad...

The group waits for and takes the time to make yourself up with Achiote (*Bixa orellana*), a fruit rich in beta carotene.



A part of the group in perdition in the rainforest.



129 - Santa Cruz

In the meantime, our desorientated guide has found people: Andrés Salazar García, a ex-soldier. He leads the group to the cave.



There is a river full of water...

The river.

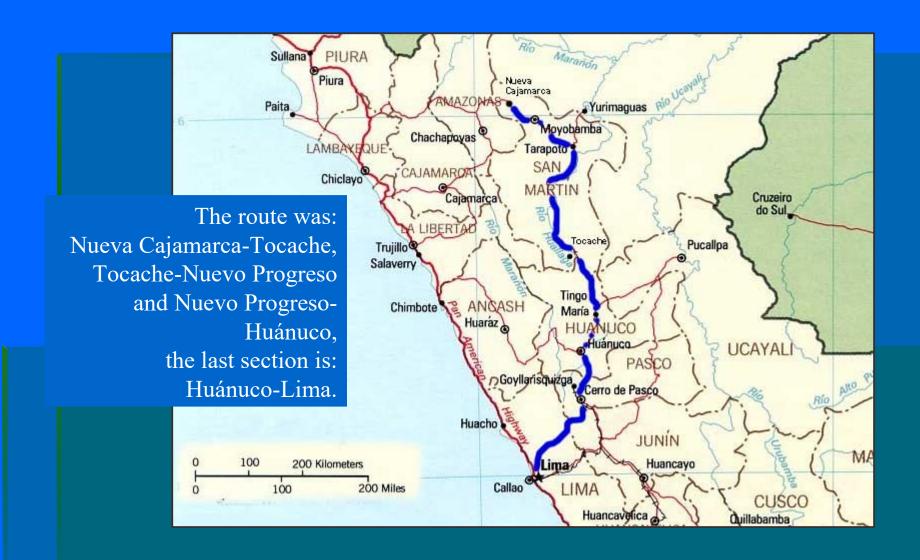
Further away, its bed is dry...



The entrance of the Cueva de la Fertilidad appears at the bottom of a big depression.



132 - Return to Lima





Marc, Ana and Jean-Yves travel from Huánuco to Lima crossing the stoneforest of Huayllay, volcanic stone eroded.



134 – Crossing the Andes



The return to Lima follows the road Cerro de Pasco-Huayllay-Canta-Lima.

This is the end of the trek.

135 – The End

The End